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## **CLAIMS**

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(Original) A method for requantizing coefficients of a bit stream, the method comprising:

receiving a plurality of input coefficients  $(F_i)$  quantized at an input quantization scale  $(q_i)$ , the input coefficients associated with the bit stream;

providing an output quantization scale  $(q_o)$ , wherein the output quantization scale is greater than the input quantization scale to allow for rate reduction of the bit stream; and

transmitting a plurality of output coefficients  $(F_0)$  quantized at the output quantization scale, wherein the plurality of output coefficients are determined using a formula minimizing the difference between dequantized input coefficients  $(f_0)$  and dequantized output coefficients  $(f_0)$ .

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the quantized coefficients are DCT coefficients of an MPEG encoded bitstream.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of input coefficients are associated with an intra macroblock or an inter macroblock.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the output quantization scale has a larger step size than the input quantization scale.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein input and output coefficients are dequantized using the following formula:

$$f = ((2F + k) \cdot q \cdot w)/32);$$

where k=0 for intra macroblocks,

k = sign(F) for inter macroblocks,

"/" denotes integer division with truncation of the result toward zero,

w = weighting factor, and

sign(F) = -1, 0, or 1 if F < 0, F = 0, and F > 0 respectively.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the formula minimizes requantization error.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein requantization error is minimized using the following formula:

$$q_{error} = \min \left| (2F_i + k_i) \cdot q_i \cdot w \right| / 32 - \left( 2F_o + k_o \right) \cdot q_o \cdot w \right| / 32 \right|;$$

where k = 0 for intra macroblocks,

k = sign(F) for inter macroblocks.

"/" denotes integer division with truncation of the result toward zero,

w = weighting factor, and

subfix i and o in F, k and q represent input and output values respectively.

8. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein output quantized coefficients associated with intra macroblocks are calculated using the following formula:

$$F_o = round(rF_i);$$

where r is equal to the input quantization scale divided by the output quantization scale and the round function rounds the result to the nearest integer.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein midpoints are rounded toward 0.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein output quantized coefficients associated with inter macroblocks are calculated using the following formula:

$$F_{o} = round\left(\frac{k_{i}}{2}\left[2r|F_{i}| + r - 1\right]\right);$$

where r is equal to the input quantization scale divided by the output quantization scale and the round function rounds the result to the nearest integer.

- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein midpoints are rounded toward 0.
- 12. (Original) An apparatus for requantizing coefficients of a bit stream, the apparatus comprising:

an input interface configured to receive a plurality of input coefficients  $(F_i)$  quantized at an input quantization scale  $(q_i)$ , the input coefficients associated with the bit stream;

a processor configured to provide an output quantization scale  $(q_o)$ , wherein the output quantization scale is greater than the input quantization scale to allow for rate reduction of the bit stream; and

an output interface configured to transmit a plurality of output coefficients  $(F_q)$  quantized at the output quantization scale, wherein the plurality of output coefficients are determined using a formula minimizing the difference between dequantized input coefficients  $(f_q)$  and dequantized output coefficients  $(f_q)$ .

- 13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the quantized coefficients are DCT coefficients of an MPEG encoded bitstream.
- 14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the plurality of input coefficients are associated with an intra macroblock or an inter macroblock.
- 15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the output quantization scale has a larger step size than the input quantization scale.

16. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein input and output coefficients are dequantized using the following formula:

$$f = ((2F+k)\cdot q\cdot w)/32);$$

where k=0 for intra macroblocks,

k = sign(F) for inter macroblocks,

"/" denotes integer division with truncation of the result toward zero,

w = weighting factor, and

sign(F) = -1, 0, or 1 if F < 0, F = 0, and F > 0 respectively.

- 17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the formula minimizes requantization error.
- 18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 17, wherein requantization error is minimized using the following formula:

$$q_{error} = \min[(2F_i + k_i) \cdot q_i \cdot w)/32 - (2F_o + k_o) \cdot q_o \cdot w)/32];$$

where k = 0 for intra macroblocks,

k = sign(F) for inter macroblocks,

"/" denotes integer division with truncation of the result toward zero,

w = weighting factor, and

subfix i and o in F, k and q represent input and output values respectively.

19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein output quantized coefficients associated with intra macroblocks are calculated using the following formula:

$$F_o = round(rF_i);$$

where r is equal to the input quantization scale divided by the output quantization scale and the round function rounds the result to the nearest integer.

- 20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, wherein midpoints are rounded toward 0.
- 21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein output quantized coefficients associated with inter macroblocks are calculated using the following formula:

$$F_o = round\left(\frac{k_i}{2}[2r|F_i|+r-1]\right);$$

where r is equal to the input quantization scale divided by the output quantization scale and the round function rounds the result to the nearest integer.

- 22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 21, wherein midpoints are rounded toward 0.
- 23. (Original) A computer readable medium comprising computer code for requantizing coefficients of a bit stream, the computer readable medium comprising:

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computer code for receiving a plurality of input coefficients  $(F_i)$  quantized at an input quantization scale  $(q_i)$ , the input coefficients associated with the bit stream;

computer code for providing an output quantization scale  $(q_o)$ , wherein the output quantization scale is greater than the input quantization scale to allow for rate reduction of the bit stream; and

computer code for transmitting a plurality of output coefficients  $(F_a)$  quantized at the output quantization scale, wherein the plurality of output coefficients are determined using a formula minimizing the difference between dequantized input coefficients  $(f_a)$  and dequantized output coefficients  $(f_a)$ .

24. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 23, wherein input and output coefficients are dequantized using the following formula:

$$f = ((2F + k) \cdot q \cdot w)/32);$$

where k = 0 for intra macroblocks,

k = sign(F) for inter macroblocks,

"/" denotes integer division with truncation of the result toward zero,

w = weighting factor, and

sign(F) = -1, 0, or 1 if F < 0, F = 0, and F > 0 respectively.

- 25. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 23, wherein the formula minimizes requantization error.
- 26. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 25, wherein requantization error is minimized using the following formula:

$$q_{error} = \min[(2F_i + k_i) \cdot q_i \cdot w)/32 - (2F_o + k_o) \cdot q_o \cdot w)/32;$$

where k = 0 for intra macroblocks,

k = sign(F) for inter macroblocks,

"/" denotes integer division with truncation of the result toward zero,

w = weighting factor, and

subfix i and o in F, k and q represent input and output values respectively.

27. (Original) An apparatus for requantizing coefficients of a bit stream, the apparatus comprising:

means for receiving a plurality of input coefficients  $(F_i)$  quantized at an input quantization scale  $(q_i)$ , the input coefficients associated with the bit stream;

means for providing an output quantization scale  $(q_0)$ , wherein the output quantization scale is greater than the input quantization scale to allow for rate reduction of the bit stream; and

means for transmitting a plurality of output coefficients  $(F_o)$  quantized at the output quantization scale, wherein the plurality of output coefficients are determined using a formula minimizing the difference between dequantized input coefficients  $(f_o)$  and dequantized output coefficients  $(f_o)$ .

28. (Original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein input and output coefficients are dequantized using the following formula:

$$f = ((2F + k) \cdot q \cdot w)/32);$$

where k = 0 for intra macroblocks,

k = sign(F) for inter macroblocks,

"/" denotes integer division with truncation of the result toward zero,

w = weighting factor, and

sign(F) = -1, 0, or 1 if F < 0, F = 0, and F > 0 respectively.

- 29. (Original) The apparatus of claim 27, wherein the formula minimizes requantization error.
- 30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 29, wherein requantization error is minimized using the following formula:

$$q_{error} = \min[(2F_i + k_i) \cdot q_i \cdot w)/32 - (2F_o + k_o) \cdot q_o \cdot w)/32];$$

where k = 0 for intra macroblocks,

k = sign(F) for inter macroblocks,

"/" denotes integer division with truncation of the result toward zero,

w = weighting factor, and

subfix i and o in F, k and q represent input and output values respectively.

31. (Currently Amended). The apparatus of claim 30, wherein output quantized coefficients associated with intra macroblocks are calculated using the following formula:

$$F_{o} = round(rF_{t});$$

where r is equal to the input quantization scale divided by the output quantization scale and the round function rounds the result to the nearest integer.